Safety Data Sheet

according to UK REACH Regulation

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Marmorea Dolce

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Manufacture of wall designs.
Professional use.

Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	EINHORN WERKE GmbH
Street:	Pappelweg 11
Place:	D-34513 Waldeck
Telephone:	+49 176 40722505
e-mail:	vertrieb@einhornwerke.de
Contact person:	Daniel Jertz
Internet:	https://www.einhornwerke.de/
Responsible Department:	vertrieb@einhornwerke.de

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

+49 176 40722505 (9:00 - 16:00)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulation

Skin Irrit. 2; H315
Eye Dam. 1; H318

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP Regulation

Hazard components for labelling

calcium hydroxide

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Special labelling of certain mixtures

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one, reaction mass of 5 -chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards

For information or further instructions, see also section 11 or 12.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (GB CLP Regulation)			
1305-62-0	calcium hydroxide			12 - < 15 %
	215-137-3		01-2119475151-45	
	Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1, STOT SE 3; H315 H318 H335			
2634-33-5	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one			< 0.1 %
	220-120-9	613-088-00-6	01-2120761540-60	
	Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1, Skin Sens. 1, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H302 H315 H318 H317 H400 H411			
55965-84-9	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)			< 0.1 %
	-	613-167-00-5	01-2120764691-48	
	Acute Tox. 2, Acute Tox. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Skin Corr. 1C, Eye Dam. 1, Skin Sens. 1A, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1; H330 H310 H301 H314 H318 H317 H400 H410 EUH071			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
1305-62-0	215-137-3	calcium hydroxide	12 - < 15 %
	inhalation: LC50 = > 6,04 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = > 2500 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg		
2634-33-5	220-120-9	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	< 0.1 %
	dermal: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 670 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1; H317: >= 0,05 - 100		
55965-84-9	-	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	< 0.1 %
	inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: LC50 = 0,169-0,33 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = 87,12 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 53 mg/kg Skin Corr. 1C; H314: >= 0,6 - 100 Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 0,06 - < 0,6 Eye Dam. 1; H318: >= 0,6 - 100 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 0,06 - < 0,6 Skin Sens. 1A; H317: >= 0,0015 - 100 M acute; H400: M=100 M chron.; H410: M=100		

Further Information

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

After contact with skin

Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

After contact with eyes

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In case of troubles or persistent symptoms, consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Do NOT induce vomiting. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry extinguishing powder. alcohol resistant foam. Water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water. Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Avoid dust formation.
Do not breathe dust.

For non-emergency personnel

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

For emergency responders

No special measures are necessary.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Take up mechanically.
Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention. Dust clouds may present an explosion hazard.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sneeze at the workplace. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Further information on handling

Avoid generation of dust.

General protection and hygiene measures: refer to chapter 8

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Explosives. Oxidizing solids. Oxidizing liquids. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances. Food and animal feedingstuff.

Further information on storage conditions

Keep the packing dry and well sealed to prevent contamination and absorbtion of humidity.

Recommended storage temperature: 20°C

Protect against: frost. UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Humidity

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
1317-65-3	Calcium carbonate, respirable	-	4		TWA (8 h)	WEL
1305-62-0	Calcium hydroxide	-	5		TWA (8 h)	WEL
1332-58-7	Kaolin respirable dust	-	2		TWA (8 h)	WEL

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance		
DNEL type	Exposure route	Effect	Value
1305-62-0	calcium hydroxide		
Consumer DNEL, long-term	inhalation	local	1 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute	inhalation	local	4 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term	inhalation	local	1 mg/m³

Worker DNEL, acute	inhalation	local	4 mg/m³
2634-33-5	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one		
Worker DNEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	6,81 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	0,966 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	1,2 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	0,345 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance
Environmental compartment	Value
1305-62-0	calcium hydroxide
Freshwater	0,37 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)	0,37 mg/l
Marine water	0,24 mg/l
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	2,27 mg/l
Soil	817,4 mg/kg
2634-33-5	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one
Freshwater	0,00403 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)	0,0011 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	0,0499 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0,00499 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	1,03 mg/l
Soil	3 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls


Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

Dust must be exhausted directly at the point of origin.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Dust protection goggles.

Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves.

Suitable material:

FKM (fluororubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,4 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

Butyl rubber. - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

CR (polychloroprenes, Chloroprene rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

NBR (Nitrile rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,35 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

PVC (Polyvinyl chloride). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm
Breakthrough time >= 8 h
For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.
The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive EC/2016/425 and the standard EN ISO 374 derived from it.
Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

Skin protection

Suitable protective clothing: Lab apron.
Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.
Respiratory protection necessary at:
-Exceeding exposure limit values
-Generation/formation of dust
Suitable respiratory protective equipment: particulates filter device (DIN EN 143). Type: P1-3
The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Thermal hazards

Material handled at elevated temperature may cause thermal burns by contact with molten product.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	solid
Colour:	not determined
Odour:	characteristic

Changes in the physical state

Melting point/freezing point:	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	not determined
Sublimation point:	not determined
Softening point:	not determined
Pour point:	not determined
Flash point:	not determined

Explosive properties

Dust clouds may present an explosion hazard.

Lower explosion limits:	not determined
Upper explosion limits:	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	not determined

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	not determined
Decomposition temperature:	not determined
pH-Value:	not determined
Viscosity / dynamic:	not determined

Viscosity / kinematic:	not determined
Flow time:	not determined
Water solubility:	not determined

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	SECTION 12: Ecological information
Vapour pressure:	not determined
Density:	not determined
Bulk density:	not determined
Relative vapour density:	not determined

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Sustaining combustion:	Not sustaining combustion

Oxidizing properties

none

Other safety characteristics

Solvent separation test:	not determined
Solvent content:	not determined
Solid content:	not determined
Evaporation rate:	not determined

Further Information

No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.
Refer to chapter 10.5.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents, strong. Reducing agents, strong.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.
Can be released in case of fire: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No data available.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
1305-62-0	calcium hydroxide					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rat	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 425
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 2500	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	EU Method B.3
	inhalation (4 h) dust/mist	LC50 mg/l	> 6,04	Rat	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 436
2634-33-5	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	670	Rat	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rat	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 402
55965-84-9	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)					
	oral	LD50	53 mg/kg	Rat.	RTECS	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	87,12	Rabbit	RAC Opinion	
	inhalation vapour	ATE	0,5 mg/l			
	inhalation (4 h) dust/mist	LC50	0,169-0,33 mg/l	Rat.	RAC Opinion	

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.
The product has not been tested.

Sensitising effects

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one, reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.
The product has not been tested.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
No data available

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
No data available .

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
No data available .

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
No data available .

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
1305-62-0	calcium hydroxide						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	50,6 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	184,57 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	49,1 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 202
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	32 mg/l	14 d	Crangon septemspinosa	Aquatic Invasions (2009) Volume 4, Issue	
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(EC50	300,4 mg/l)	3 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 209
2634-33-5	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	2,18 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	0,15 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	2,94 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 202
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(EC50	13 mg/l)	3 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 209
55965-84-9	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	0,19 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	RAC opinion	US EPA FIFRA 72-1
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	0,0052 mg/l		48h, Skeletonema costatum	RAC opinion	OECD 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	0,1 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	RAC opinion	OECD 202
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	0,098 mg/l	21 d	Oncorhynchus mykis-	RAC opinion	OECD 215
	Algae toxicity	NOEC	0,00064 mg/l	2 d	Skeletonema costatum	RAC opinion	OECD 201
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	0.0036 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	RAC opinion	OECD Guideline 202

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No indication of bioaccumulation potential.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
2634-33-5	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	0,63
55965-84-9	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	-0,71 - 0,75 (OECD107)

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
1305-62-0	calcium hydroxide	3,55	Lolium perenne cv Nui	Communications in So
2634-33-5	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	ca. 6,62	Lepomis macrochirus	ECHA Dossier
55965-84-9	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	3,6	calc.	

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.
The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1 %.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.
The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1 %.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Observe in addition any national regulations! Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.
Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.
According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.
Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

160305 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; off-specification batches and unused products; organic wastes containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - used product

160305 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; off-specification batches and unused products; organic wastes containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances; hazardous waste

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.4. Packing group: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Refer to section 6-8

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 75

2010/75/EU (VOC): No information available.

2004/42/EC (VOC): No information available.

Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

Additional information

Safety Data Sheet according to UK-REACH Regulation
The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].
UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture): -

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 1 - slightly hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:
calcium hydroxide
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

Rev. 1.0; Initial release 29.06.2022

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
d: day(s)
EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EWC: European Waste Catalogue
IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)
h: hour
LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level
LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level
NOAEC: No observed adverse effect concentration
NLP: No-Longer Polymers
N/A: not applicable
OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PNEC: predicted no effect concentration
PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail
REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals
SVHC: substance of very high concern
TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe
UN: United Nations
VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
EUH208	Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one, reaction mass of 5 -chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Further Information

Classification according to GHS [UK CLP] - Classification procedure:
Health hazards: Calculation method.
Environmental hazards: Calculation method.
Physical hazards: On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)